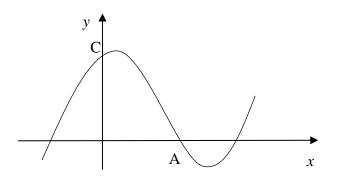
- 1. Determine the value of *a* given that $f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + x + 3$ has a remainder of 5 when f(x) is divided by (x + 1)? [2]
- 2. Show that (x 3) is a factor of $f(x) = x^3 19x + 30$, Hence fully factorise f(x) [4]
- 3. The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of $y=x^3-4x^2+x+6$



- (a) Show that the graph cuts the *x*-axis at (3,0)(b) Hence find the coordinates of A and C [5]
- 4. Determine the range of values for *k* for which the equation $x^2 - 5x + k + 6 = 0$ has no real roots? [3]
- 5. State the equation of a quadratic graph that passes through the points (-2,0), (1,0) and (0,6) [2]

6. (a) (i) Show that
$$x = 1$$
 is a root of $x^3 + 8x^2 + 11x - 20 = 0$
(ii) hence fully factorise $x^3 + 8x^2 + 11x - 20 = 0$ [4]

(b) Solve $\log_2(x+3) + \log_2(x^2+5x-4) = 3$ [5]

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